

ANNUAL REPORT

2019

17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT &
KENT COUNTY PROBATE COURT





STATE OF MICHIGAN
17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT

MARK A. TRUSOCK
CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

SUITE 11200 B
180 OTTAWA AVENUE NW
GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN 49503-2751

To the Citizens of Kent County,

This annual report summarizes the outstanding work of the 17th Circuit Court, the Probate Court, and many of the excellent programs that we are involved in.

The purpose of the Court is to serve the citizens of this County. This is accomplished by the excellent and dedicated work of the Judges, Clerks and Court Staff. For me, it is an honor to work with so many dedicated and hard-working individuals.

To better assist the community we serve, we have developed and work with many specialty courts which include: Treatment and Support Court (mental health), Youthful Sex Offender Treatment Program, D.E.T.O.U.R.S Girls Program, Truancy Court, Drug Court, Sobriety Court, Veteran's Court, Specialized Business Court and there are future plans of developing a Juvenile Mental Health Court.

The State of Michigan has long recognized the Kent County Courts as one of the top courts in the State. I have consistently observed that the work done by this Court is accomplished with integrity and fairness. The citizens of Kent County can truly be proud of the 17th Circuit and Probate Court.

Respectfully,

Hon. Mark A. Trusock
17th Circuit Court Chief Judge

CIRCUIT COURT

VISION STATEMENT:

The 17th Circuit Court will achieve excellence and be recognized as a leader by providing an accessible, effective, efficient, and innovative court operation.



MISSION STATEMENT:

The 17th Circuit Court will provide a system of justice that assures equal access for the fair and timely resolution of matters brought before the Court.



CIRCUIT COURT

CIRCUIT COURT AUTHORITY/ADMINISTRATION:

The 17th Circuit Court is the trial court of general jurisdiction in Kent County and has county-wide jurisdiction over all actions except those given by state law to another court, including:

- Criminal matters in which the potential sentence is incarceration of more than one year
- Domestic relations matters
- Personal protection orders
- Juvenile matters pertaining to delinquency or criminal activity
- Child protective proceedings
- Parental consent waivers
- Adoptions
- Emancipations
- General civil actions involving claims of \$25,000 or more
- Cases appealed from another court by an administrative agency
- Superintending control over other courts within the judicial circuit, subject to final superintending control of the Supreme Court
- Final decisions of the Circuit Court may be appealed to the Court of Appeals

Administratively, each multi-judge circuit has a chief judge appointed by the Michigan Supreme Court. The chief judge is the presiding officer and director of administration for the court. With the assistance of the Court Administrator, the chief judge develops and implements policies of the court; supervises caseload management; directs assignment of the court's business; supervises performance of the court's personnel; manages the court's finances; effects compliance with court rules and provisions of law.

CIRCUIT COURT LOCATIONS:

*Court Administrator
Andrew Thalhammer*

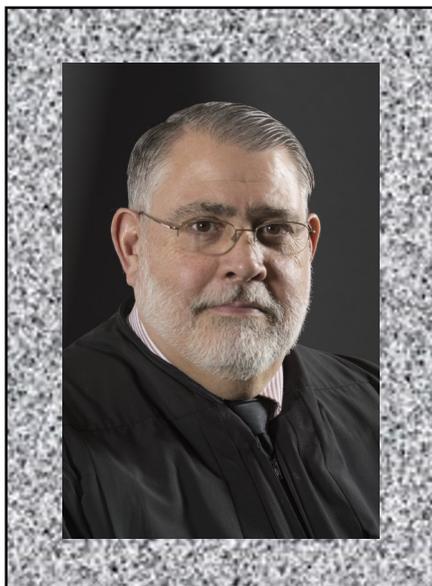
COURTHOUSE
180 Ottawa Avenue NW
Grand Rapids, MI 49503

FRIEND OF THE COURT
82 Ionia Avenue NW
Grand Rapids, MI 49503

JUVENILE CENTER / DETENTION
1501 Cedar Street NE
Grand Rapids, MI 49503

Court Website
www.accesskent.com

JUDGES



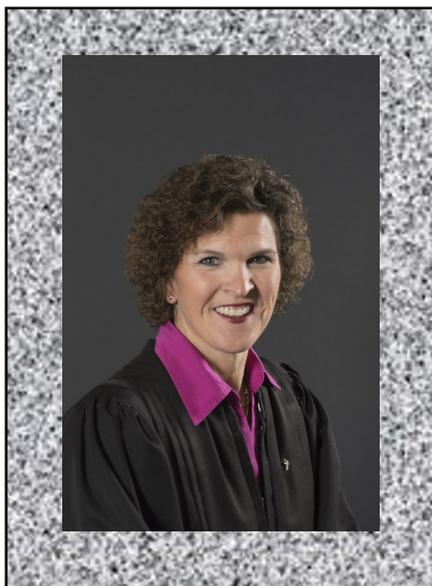
MARK A. TRUSOCK

CHIEF JUDGE

Judge Trusock graduated from Michigan Technological University (MTU) in 1974. After college, Judge Trusock worked for a large insurance company from 1975 to 1984. In 1983 he obtained a Chartered Life Underwriter (CLU) from the American College in Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania. In 1985 Judge Trusock graduated from the Thomas M. Cooley Law School in Lansing, Michigan. For the next 21 years, he worked for the partnership of Lannen and Trusock. At Lannen and Trusock he worked with civil, criminal, family, juvenile and appellate cases in courts throughout the state of Michigan. Judge Trusock was elected in November of 2006 to fill a new judicial position. Judge Trusock is assigned to the Civil-Criminal Division of the Circuit Court.

Court Clerk - Renee Pegg
Court Clerk - Tracy Kniffen-Oates
Law Clerk - Jason Osbourne

Phone (616) 632-5008
Fax (616) 632-5023



KATHLEEN A. FEENEY

CHIEF JUDGE PRO TEMPORE

Judge Feeney is the Chief Judge Pro Tem of the Kent County Circuit Court and the first woman either appointed or elected to that bench. She graduated with high honors from Michigan State University's Honors College and was the Outstanding Woman Law Graduate from the University of Illinois College of Law. Judge Feeney worked for Foster, Swift, Collins & Smith P.C., and Mika, Meyers, Beckett & Jones as well as the Michigan Court of Appeals' as Judge Jane E. Markey's judicial counsel before being appointed to the bench in 2000. In 2016, Judge Feeney received the Justice Marilyn J. Kelly Award for Outstanding Judicial Service from the State Bar of Michigan Family Law Section and was recognized as a 2018 Leader in the Law from *Michigan Lawyers Weekly*. She created the Truancy Court and helped establish the Courthouse Therapy Dog Program where comfort dogs are provided for children and vulnerable adults who are involved in criminal or domestic relations cases.

Court Clerk - Kate Lewis
Court Clerk - Elizabeth Shearer

Phone (616) 632-5087
Fax (616) 632-5096



DEBORAH L. MCNABB

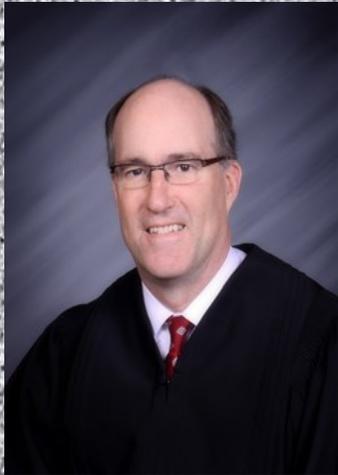
PRESIDING JUDGE—FAMILY DIVISION

Judge McNabb was elected on November 1, 2016 to fill a new judicial position. She is the first woman to join the Kent County Circuit Court as the result of an election. Judge McNabb took the bench on January 1, 2017. She received her Bachelor of Arts degree from Alma College in 1984 and her Juris Doctor from DePaul University College of Law in 1987. Before taking the bench, Judge McNabb served as a Circuit Court Referee in the Family Division of the Kent County Circuit Court for over 25 years, including serving as Chief Referee from 2012-2016. Judge McNabb is assigned to the Family Division of the Circuit Court and was named Presiding Judge of the Family Division in January 2018. Judge McNabb serves on the Michigan Judicial Institute's Academic Advisory Committee and the Michigan Judge's Association Family Division Committee. She also is a governing council member of the State Bar of Michigan Children's Law Section.

Court Clerk - Lisa Gibson
Court Clerk - Dort Maurice

Phone (616) 632-5219
Fax (616) 632-5105

JUDGES



T.J. Ackert

Judge Terence J. "T.J." Ackert took the bench on September 1, 2015. A graduate of the University of Michigan and University of Toledo College of Law, he served clients throughout Michigan and the Midwest for thirty one years. He was affiliated as a Shareholder with the firm Smith Haughey Rice & Roegge, P.C. from 1984 to 2007, and then as a Member of Miller Johnson Snell & Cummiskey, PLLC from 2007 until 2015. For most of his private practice, Judge Ackert served as a business counsel and trial attorney advising closely held and family owned businesses in both transactional and litigation matters involving an array of industries including manufacturing, construction, technology, and start-ups. He received the distinction of being listed in Best Lawyers in America® for Business Organizations, Closely Held Companies and Family Business Law, Corporate Law and Mergers and Acquisitions Law. Judge Ackert has served on numerous business, civic and charitable boards, including President of the Grand Rapids Bar Association in 2013. Judge Ackert currently serves on the Tribal State Federal Judicial Forum, the Michigan Court Improvement Program Task Force and the Michigan Child Welfare Leadership Workgroup. Judge Ackert is assigned to the Family Division and the Specialized Business Docket of the Circuit Court.

Court Clerk - Sue DeYoung
Court Clerk - Courtney Bryant

Phone (616) 632-5091
Fax (616) 632-5092



CURT BENSON

Judge Benson was elected in Nov. 2018 and took the bench on January 1, 2019. Previously, Judge Benson was a litigator and a tenured professor of Western Michigan University Thomas M. Cooley Law School where he taught Evidence, Civil Procedure, Contracts, Torts, and a LLM level insurance law course. Judge Benson retired from full time teaching and took the title Distinguished Professor Emeritus. In his 30 years as a litigator and educator, Judge Benson tried many criminal and civil jury trials throughout Michigan. He has argued cases before the Michigan Supreme Court, Michigan Court of Appeals, circuit, probate, and district courts, federal district and bankruptcy courts, Worker's Compensation Bureau, American Arbitration Association, Driver's License Appeal Division, as well as FINRA securities arbitrations and mediations in New York and case evaluations in New Jersey. He is a published author of several law review articles and book chapters and a frequent speaker to local bar associations and social organizations explaining recent developments in the law and discussing topics ranging from legal history to preventing violence in public schools. He earned a B.A. from Western Michigan University and graduated from Western Michigan University Thomas M. Cooley Law School.

Court Clerk - Nicole Greenberg
Court Clerk - Keri Abraham

Phone (616) 632-5012
Fax (616) 632-5016



PAUL J. DENENFELD

Judge Denenfeld took the bench on August 10, 2009. He received his BA degree from Western Michigan University and his JD from the University of Cincinnati. Before taking the bench, Judge Denenfeld was a partner in the law firm Yates, LaGrand & Denenfeld, PLLC. Prior to that, he was the senior litigator with the Federal Public Defender office in Grand Rapids, and was the chief of the special litigation division of the Public Defender Service for the District of Columbia. For nearly 10 years, he was a civil rights and civil liberties attorney in Detroit. Judge Denenfeld has also spent considerable time working on the rule of law in several former Soviet republics. Judge Denenfeld is assigned to the Civil/Criminal Division of the Circuit Court.

Court Clerk - Deb Morris
Court Clerk - Kathy Vazquez

Phone (616) 632-5033
Fax (616) 632-5036

JUDGES



CHRISTINA ELMORE

Judge Christina Elmore was elected to the 17th Circuit Court and began her term on January 1, 2019. She is currently assigned to the Family Division and presides over cases involving divorce, child custody, juvenile delinquency, and child abuse and neglect. Before she was elected to this court, she was a judge on the 61st District Court for the City of Grand Rapids for almost 3 years. Judge Elmore began her legal career as a Judge Advocate General in the United States Air Force, where she served for 13 years on active duty and in the reserves. She also worked as an assistant prosecutor for the Kent County Prosecutor's office before she became an Assistant Attorney General for the Michigan Department of Attorney General. Following her stint at the Attorney General's Office, Judge Elmore spent 8 years in private practice where she was defense counsel on felony and misdemeanor criminal cases, represented parents and children in child abuse and neglect cases, advocated for juveniles in delinquency cases, and assisted clients with various other legal issues. She also continued to prosecute individuals for failing to pay child support as a Special Assistant Attorney General. Judge Elmore earned her law degree from Tulane Law School and her bachelor's degree from the University of Michigan. She is also a proud alumnus of Ottawa Hills High School.

Court Clerk - Chnell Guydon
Court Clerk - Angela Artale

Phone (616) 632-5215
Fax (616) 632-5212



PATRICIA D. GARDNER

Judge Gardner received her B.A. from the University of Michigan in 1980. Thereafter, she attended University of Michigan Law School, graduating with a Juris Doctor Degree in 1983. Judge Gardner practiced general civil litigation from 1983-1988. Judge Gardner was a partner in a law firm, specializing in probate practice and family law from 1989-1996. She was appointed by Governor Engler to the Kent County Probate Court in January of 1997. Judge Gardner served as Presiding Judge of the Family Division of the Circuit Court from 2010-2016 and Chief Judge Pro Tem of the Probate Court. Judge Gardner is a member of the State Bar of Michigan, Grand Rapids Bar Association, Probate Judges Association, and Women Lawyers Association. Judge Gardner is active in the community serving on a number of non-profit boards.

Court Clerk - Shelley Bott
Court Clerk - Renee Marzean

Phone (616) 632-5070
Fax (616) 632-5074



G. PATRICK HILLARY

Judge Hillary was elected in November of 2000 to fill the judicial position vacated by the retirement of Judge John P. Steketee, and started on the bench in January of 2001. He earned a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration in 1979 and his Juris Doctorate in 1983. Judge Hillary practiced law since 1983 and was a sole practitioner prior to being elected Probate Judge. Judge Hillary's private practice included experience in the area of business, corporate, real estate, wills/trusts, estate planning and family law. He served as presiding judge of the Circuit Court Family Division from 2004-2009. Judge Hillary has served on numerous boards in the community and created the Parents and Children Section of the Grand Rapids Bar Association. He also taught as Adjunct Professor at Davenport College and Thomas M. Cooley Law School. Judge Hillary participated as a member of the National Child Welfare Advisory Board in Washington D.C. which assisted in the enactment of laws to protect children brought into the United States without any adult supervision.

Court Clerk - Nicole Ludge
Court Clerk - Dianne Hill

Phone (616) 632-5206
Fax (616) 632-5084

JUDGES



GEORGE J. QUIST

Judge Quist took the bench on January 23, 2012. He received his BA from Hope College and his JD from George Washington University. Before taking the bench, Judge Quist was a magistrate and administrative law judge with the State of Michigan. In addition to 12 years experience as an adjudicator before taking the bench, Judge Quist was a civil litigator for 9 years. From January 2012 through May 2015, Judge Quist was assigned to the Family Division of the Circuit Court. As of June 1, 2015, Judge Quist is assigned to the Civil/Criminal Division of the Circuit Court.

Court Clerk - Stacy Dilworth
Court Clerk - Marceedes Langlois
Law Clerk - Kristine Baker

Phone (616) 632-5099
Fax (616) 632-5016



J. JOSEPH ROSSI

Judge Rossi was elected in November of 2016 and began judicial service on January 1, 2017. Judge Rossi attended the University of Notre Dame where he obtained a degree in English in 1988 and a Juris Doctorate in 1995. Between his undergraduate years and law school, Joe served as an infantry officer in the U.S. Marine Corps, including combat service in Operation Desert Storm and as a Special Operations instructor. Prior to his election he served as an Assistant U.S. Attorney for eight years in Grand Rapids, as well as working at the private law firms Smith Haughey Rice and Roegege and Drew Cooper and Anding. His legal experience includes appearances in many Michigan Courts, as well as Federal Courts in Michigan, Ohio, Illinois and Indiana. Joe also continued to serve in the Marine Corps Reserve, where he was called to active duty twice in 2004 and 2007. His final tour was on the Joint Chiefs of Staff at the Pentagon, where he worked under the Director of Global Special Operations and Counter-terrorism. Joe retired from military service in 2012 at the rank of lieutenant colonel. Joe's community service includes his parish finance council and several veterans and military support organizations. Joe serves in the Circuit Court's Specialized Business docket and in the Court's Civil-Criminal division.

Court Clerk - Lisa Baird
Court Clerk - Denise Lange
Law Clerk - Kalie Tyree

Phone (616) 632-5020
Fax (616) 632-5074



PAUL J. SULLIVAN

A native of New Hampshire, Judge Sullivan received his undergraduate degree in Government from Georgetown University in 1969 and his JD from The Catholic University of America in 1972. In 1988 he was elected to the 61st District Court in Grand Rapids, serving as Chief Judge from January 1994 until his appointment to the circuit bench by Governor John Engler in March 1995. He served as Chief Circuit Judge for 6 years commencing January 1, 2004, and in the dual capacity of Chief Circuit and Probate Judge from July 2006 thru December 2007. Before taking the bench, Judge Sullivan was an Assistant District Attorney in Philadelphia PA and in private practice for 14 years with the firm of Roach, Twohey, Maggini & Brady. He is assigned to the Civil/Criminal Division of Circuit Court.

Court Clerk - Wendy White
Court Clerk - Conni Mutchler
Law Clerk - Rob Dordan

Phone (616) 632-5099
Fax (616) 632-5016

JUDGES



CHRISTOPHER P. YATES

Judge Yates took the bench on April 22, 2008. He received his BA from Kalamazoo College and his JD and MBA from the University of Illinois. Before taking the bench, Judge Yates served as a law clerk to a federal trial judge and a federal court of appeals judge, then as an Assistant U.S. Attorney, then in the Office of Legal Counsel at the U.S. Department of Justice, and as the Chief Federal Public Defender for the Western District of Michigan. Most recently, he worked in private practice as a partner in two Grand Rapids law firms, Willey, Chamberlain & Yates and then Yates, LaGrand & Denenfeld. Judge Yates is assigned to the Court's Specialized Business Docket.

Court Clerk - Molly Norton
Court Clerk - Claire Merino
Law Clerk - Julie Allen

Phone (616) 632-5026
Fax (616) 632-5096



DANIEL V. ZEMAITIS

Judge Daniel V. Zemaitis was elected November 2002 to fill one of the vacant Judgeships for Kent County. He started on the bench on January 1, 2003. Judge Zemaitis has lived on the Northwest side of Grand Rapids most of his life. He received his Bachelor of Arts and Master of Arts in History from Marquette University. He received his Juris Doctor degree from Case Western University in 1977. Judge Zemaitis was the magistrate for the 59th District Court from 1990 to 2002, and in 1995 became Michigan's first Multi-District Court Magistrate by joining the 62A District Court. Judge Zemaitis was a Visiting Professor of History/Law at Grace Bible College from 1995 to 1997 and 1999 to 2002. He has served as an adjunct professor at Thomas M. Cooley School of Law by teaching Family Law. Judge Zemaitis is a member of many community organizations. Judge Zemaitis is assigned to the Family Division of Circuit Court.

Court Clerk - Kristen Brink
Court Clerk - Tiffany Simpson

Phone (616) 632-5203
Fax (616) 632-5212

REFEREES

ADAM C. KOMAR
Clerk - Kiersten Chulski
Phone (616) 632-5170

LYNN PERRY
Clerk - Kelli Klein
Phone (616) 632-5148

MARIE E. KESSLER
Clerk - Echo Matson
(616) 632-5165

CRAIG FREDERICK
Clerk - Brooke Alt
Phone (616) 632-5104

JOHN D. KMETZ
Clerk - Rebecca Levay
Phone (616) 632-5150

ARTHUR P. WINTHER
Clerk - Marie Bolen
Phone (616) 632-5147

MAUREEN GOTTLIEB
Clerk - Brenna Weber
Phone (616) 632-5251

FINANCIAL REVIEW

CIRCUIT COURT BUDGET

UNAUDITED

	Appropriated	Expended
PERSONNEL COSTS	\$33,310,332	\$30,786,694
OPERATION COSTS	18,377,672	16,371,228
CAPITAL OUTLAY	533,447	484,541
TOTAL	\$50,759,240	\$47,439,416

2019 REVENUES COLLECTED BY THE CIRCUIT COURT AND ITS DIVISIONS

State Grants	\$13,783,998
Federal Grants	6,289,947
Other Grants	192,979
Medical & Medicaid	180,950
Board & Care	374,381
Court Costs	1,376,285
Service Fees	492,000
Filing Fees	347,761
Certified Copy Fees	0
Name Search and Motion Fees	1,072,296
Other Fees	224,107
Overseeing Fees	36,560
Jury Fees	201,351
Collection Fees	125,191
Bond Forfeitures	44,635
Other Reimbursements	305,048
Penal Fines	12,149
Refunds/Rebates	4,726
Total Revenues Collected	\$25,064,364
Total 2018 County Contributions	\$22,578,099
GRAND TOTAL	\$47,642,463

STATE COURT EQUITY FUND

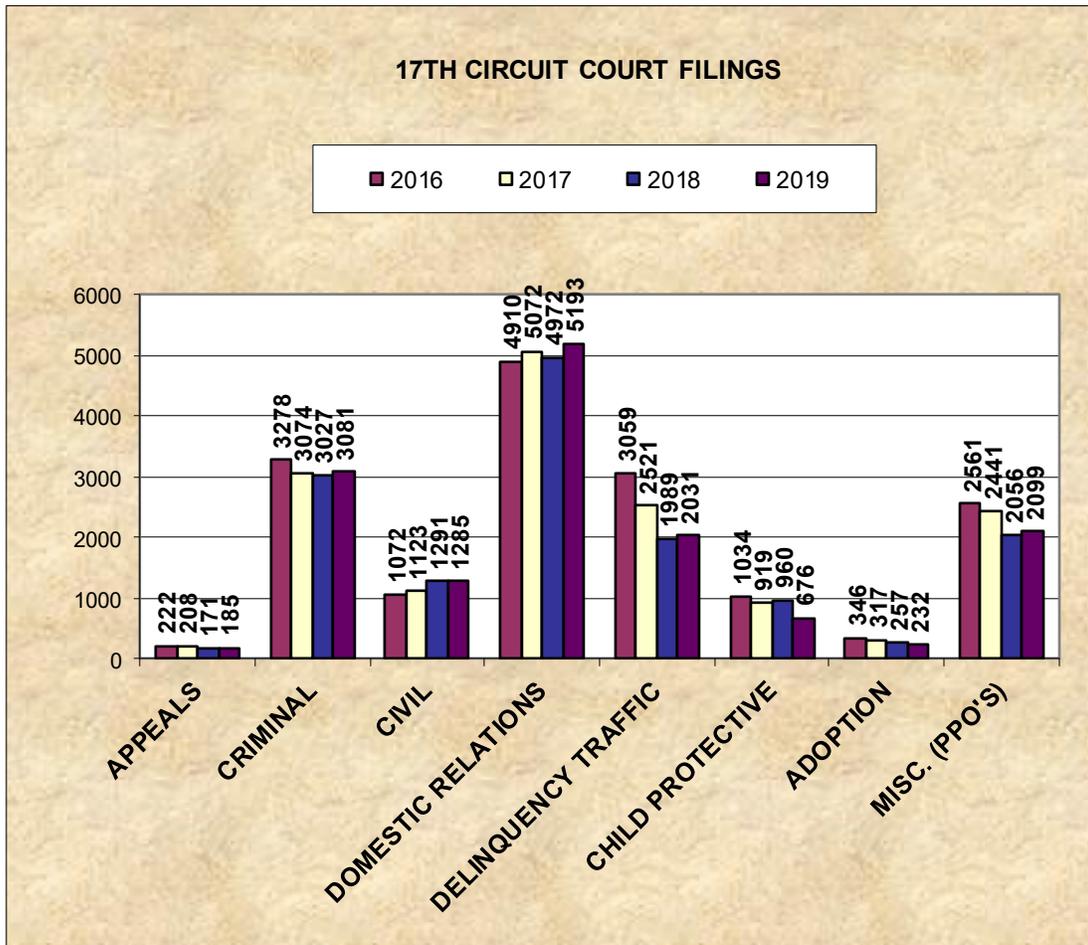
In addition to the above revenues, Kent County received \$2,895,442 during State Fiscal year 2018-2019 in Court Equity Fund monies. Pursuant to MCL 600.151(a) these funds are to be used for the operational expenses of the trial courts (Circuit, District, and Probate) and indigent legal assistance.

ADMINISTERING COLLECTION OF PASS-THROUGH PAYMENTS

It should be noted that the 17th Circuit Court collects and accounts for victims' restitution. During the calendar year 2019, the Court collected \$1,475,191 in restitution. In addition to restitution, the Court assesses fines which, by law, are used to support local libraries. During the 2019 calendar year \$227,266 was collected. The Court also assesses Crime Victim Rights fees. These fees are collected for the State to help compensate and support victims of crime. In 2019, the Court collected \$212,939 in CVR Fees. The Court also collects State Minimum Costs which help the State with the costs of operating the Courts in the State of Michigan. During the calendar year the Court collected \$208,120 in State Minimum Costs.

CIRCUIT COURT

FILINGS

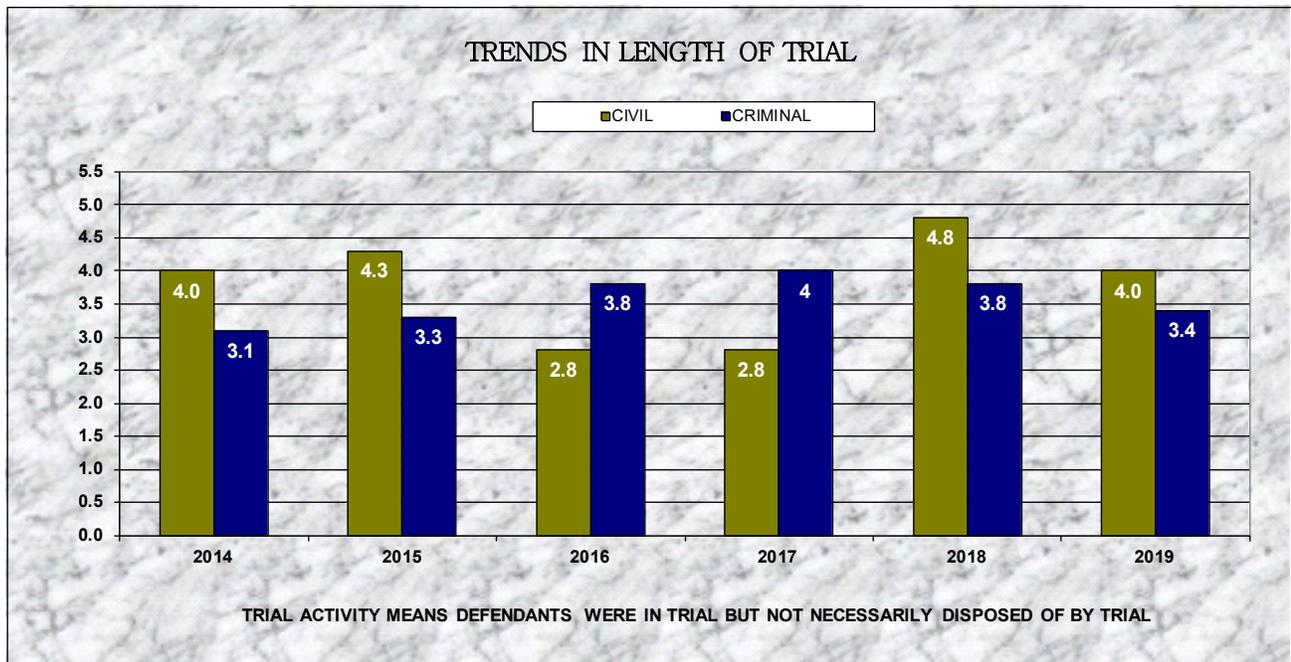
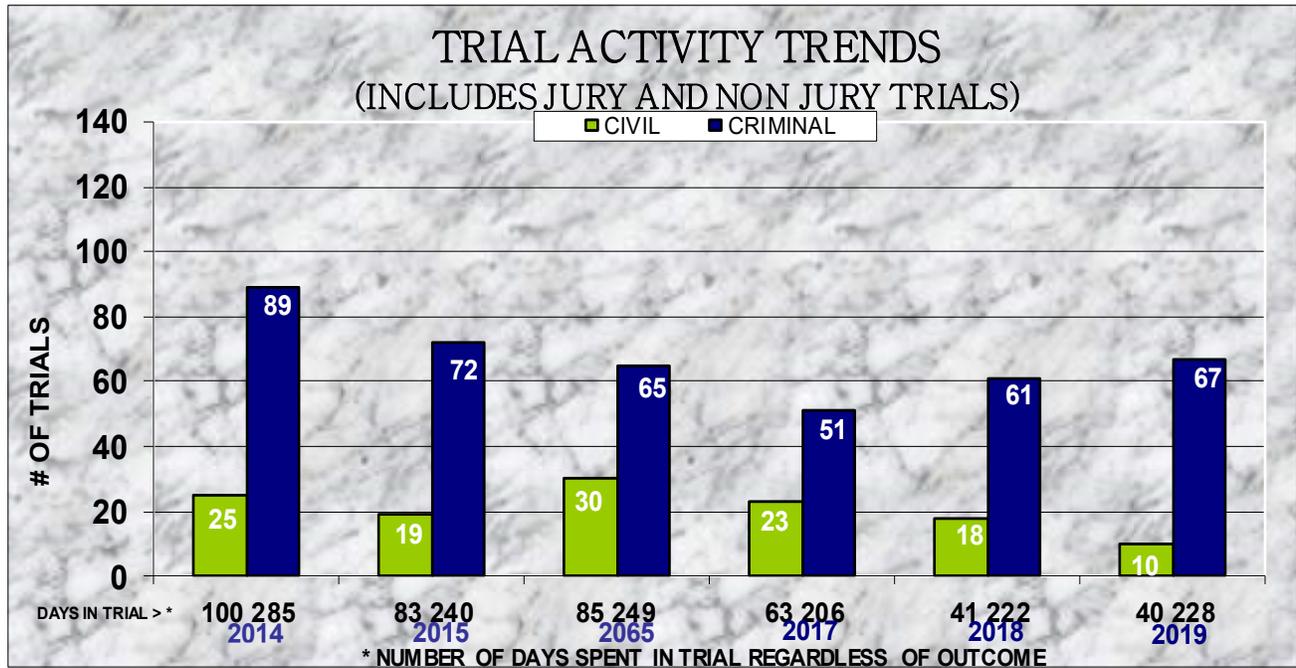


TOTALS: 2016 (11,634) 2017 (11,270) 2018 (10,234) 2019 (10,231)

***Miscellaneous represent: PPO's, emancipations, infectious diseases, safe deliveries, name changes, parental Waivers, out-of-county PPO's**

CIRCUIT COURT

TRENDS



CIRCUIT COURT

NEW FILINGS

CIRCUIT COURT CRIMINAL FILINGS						
CASE TYPE	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
NON-CAPITAL OFFENSES	2971	2972	3054	2886	3027	2881
CAPITAL OFFENSES	157	183	172	134	163	143
FELONY JUVENILE	0	0	0	0	5	4
EXTRADITION	40	38	53	53	63	53
TOTAL OFFENSES	3168	3168	3278	3074	3258	3081

CIRCUIT COURT CIVIL FILINGS						
CASE TYPE CATEGORIES	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
CIVIL DAMAGE SUITS	551	486	474	469	492	578
OTHER CIVIL SUITS	864	821	598	654	799	707
TOTAL	1415	1207	1072	1123	1291	1285

CIRCUIT COURT APPEALS						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
APPEALS	221	232	222	208	171	185

FAMILY DIVISION FILINGS						
Case Type Categories	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Divorce w/o Children	1296	1290	1244	1297	1249	1288
Divorce w/ Children	1319	1318	1276	1258	1211	1198
Paternity	1024	973	739	767	792	814
Uniform Interstate Family Support Act	54	55	66	85	47	39
Support	949	916	832	908	927	1010
PPOs/Stalking	543	595	815	699	556	553
PPOs/Domestic Relations	1371	1426	1723	1707	1469	1516
Other Domestic*	404	404	401	369	304	341
Adoptions	299	297	346	317	257	232
Miscellaneous Family**	116	112	352	388	442	503
Delinquency	3227	2971	2699	2441	1913	1959
Designated	10	8	3	7	5	18
Traffic	70	85	85	73	71	54
Child Protective	1160	100	1034	919	960	676
Personal Protection Order involving minor	26	37	23	35	31	30
Totals	11,868	11,496	11,634	11,270	10,234	10,231

* Other domestic includes custody filings

** Miscellaneous family filings consist of name change, safe delivery, emancipation of minor, infectious disease, parental waiver, voluntary foster care, juvenile guardianships and violations of out-of-county PPOs

CIRCUIT COURT

SPECIALIZED BUSINESS DOCKET

The Kent County Specialized Business Docket (“SBD”) has been operating for eight years, and it handles cases under the permanent authority of Public Act 333 of 2012, which was amended by Public Act 101 of 2017. Since its inception in 2012, the SBD has been run by Judge Christopher P. Yates. On March 20, 2019, the Michigan Supreme Court appointed Judge Yates to serve another six-year term as a business-court judge, extending his service through March 31, 2025.

On October 23, 2019, the Michigan Supreme Court added a second business-court judge to the Kent County Circuit Court, appointing Judge T.J. Ackert to serve for a six-year term that runs through March 31, 2025. Prior to his appointment as a judge in Kent County, Judge Ackert devoted his time in private practice to commercial transactions and litigation. Since January 1, 2020, Judge Ackert has been assigned one-third of the new cases from the Kent County SBD. Judge Yates has retained all of the SBD cases assigned to him before 2020, and he now receives two-thirds of the new SBD cases filed in Kent County.

In 2019, the Kent County SBD accepted 262 new cases and closed 264 cases, resulting in a clearance rate over 100 percent. Judge Yates published 55 opinions on the SBD website, which can be found at accesskent.com. Judge Yates also contributed three chapters to a book published by the ABA Business Law Section entitled *THE BUSINESS COURTS BENCHBOOK: PROCEDURES AND BEST PRACTICES IN BUSINESS AND COMMERCIAL CASES*. The SBD closed 95 percent of its complex cases in 2019 within the two-year time guideline established by the State Court Administrative Office.

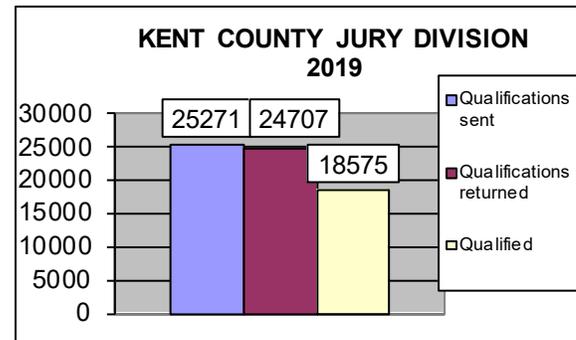
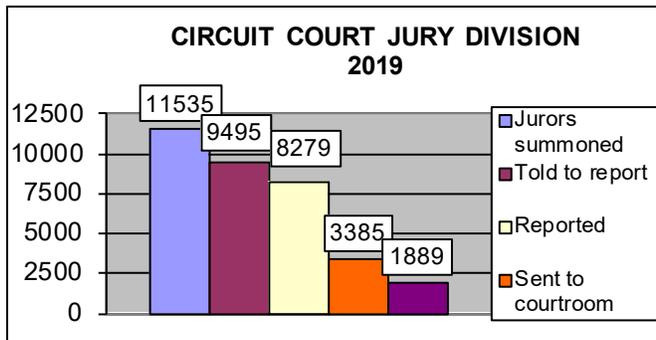
The Kent County SBD routinely seeks input on its performance. Comments and suggestions can be offered to Chief Judge Mark A. Trusock, Judge Ackert, Judge Yates, or the attorneys who serve on the SBD advisory committee for Kent County. By appointment of Chief Judge Trusock, those attorneys are: David Bevins, Esq., of Rhoades McKee; David Gass, Esq., of Miller Johnson; Patrick Geary, Esq., of Smith Haughey Rice & Roegge; and Lee Silver, Esq., of Silver & Van Essen.



CASE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

JURY MANAGEMENT

Jury Service is one of the most important duties that members of a free society are called upon to perform. The jury is an expression of the democratic idea that authority can be exercised most equitably only if people participate. The Jury Division of the Circuit Court plays an important role in this process by summoning and qualifying prospective jurors for Kent County. In addition, all other aspects of the Circuit Court's jury system are handled through this division. Jurors summoned and qualified for Circuit Court jury service are on-call for a week, or for one trial. Jurors may go to the County website (www.accesskent.com) or call the Jury Information Line (866-215-3884) to determine whether or not they must serve on the week they are on call.



ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) offers the parties a timely and affordable alternative to settle disputes and, thereby, avoid costly litigation. Kent County started a formalized ADR program in 1990 with Civil Case Mediation, which later became known as Case Evaluation. Court rules allow for parties to be ordered into facilitative mediation. Kent County implemented its court-ordered domestic relations mediation and civil mediation programs in 2004.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 60% of divorce mediations held will settle or settle in part.
- 60% of civil mediations held will settle or settle in part.
- 70% of those completing a mediation evaluation form will indicate satisfaction with the mediation process.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 322 of divorce mediations settled or settled in part.
- 106 of civil mediations settled or settled in part.
- 86% of those completing the divorce evaluation form indicated satisfaction with the process.
- 100% of those completing the civil evaluation form indicated satisfaction with the process.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 421 domestic mediations were held.
- 166 civil mediations were held.
- 185 case evaluation hearings were held. 56 cases had all parties accepting the award for a 30.3% settlement rate.

CASEFLOW MANAGEMENT

The Case Management Department reviews pending civil and domestic relations cases and sends a no progress dismissal notice to the attorneys and parties when the matter languishes for more than 91 days. If the parties take no action, the judge may enter an Order of Dismissal on the action.

COURT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

GOAL: To assist the local Criminal Justice System by providing alternatives to incarceration.

PRETRIAL SUPERVISED RELEASE

Pretrial supervised release is the supervision of defendants out on bond pending their court hearing. This also includes Maximum Supervision (electronic monitoring) of selected defendants.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 82% of all defendants placed on pretrial supervised release will successfully complete program requirements.
- 85% of all defendants placed on Maximum Supervision will successfully complete program requirements.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 80% of the defendants placed on pretrial supervised release successfully completed program requirements.
- 86% of the defendants placed on Maximum Supervision successfully completed program requirements.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 1927 defendants were placed on pretrial supervision.
- Approximately 174,000 jail bed days were saved by the use of pretrial supervision.
- 106 defendants were placed on Maximum Supervision.
- Approximately 16,250 jail bed days were saved by the use of Maximum Supervision.

COMMUNITY SERVICE—ADULT/JUVENILE

Adult Community Service provides a community-based sentencing option in lieu of incarceration for the District and Circuit Courts of Kent County. The Juvenile Community Service Program provides a means for delinquent youth to make a form of reparation to the community for damages or injury inflicted as a result of their delinquency.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 80% of all offenders placed on adult community service will successfully complete program requirements.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 80% of the offenders placed on adult community service successfully completed program requirements.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 2447 offenders were placed on adult community service.
- 176,600 hours of community service were performed by adult offenders.

COURT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

WORK CREW

Work Crew is a structured, labor-intensive form of community service for the more habitual, problematic adult offender, and participants are supervised by Court Services staff and perform group work projects primarily at Comp Renew.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 70% of all offenders placed on Work Crew will successfully complete program requirements.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 68% of the offenders placed on Work Crew successfully completed program requirements.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 339 offenders were placed on Work Crew.
- Offenders performed 21,000 Work Crew hours.

DIVERSION

The Diversion Program provides case management and supervision services for offenders who are referred from the Kent County Prosecuting Attorney's Office. Upon successful completion of the Program, an offender will have the original charge dismissed.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 85% of all defendants placed on the Diversion Program will successfully complete program requirements.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 94% of the defendants placed on the Diversion Program successfully completed the program requirements.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 86 defendants were placed on the Diversion Program.
- \$29,137 was paid by defendants for restitution that was disbursed to victims.

JUVENILE ELECTRONIC HOME MONITORING

The Electronic Home Monitoring Program allows certain select juvenile offenders to be confined in their own home rather than in an out-of-home placement, by the use of electronic equipment such as a "tether anklet".

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 60% of juvenile offenders placed on Electronic Home Monitoring will successfully complete the program requirements.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 56% of the juvenile offenders placed on Electronic Home Monitoring successfully completed program requirements.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 216 juveniles were placed on Electronic Home Monitoring.

COURT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

PRETRIAL SCREENING / INVESTIGATION

In 2019, the Court Services Department continued to provide valuable information to the judiciary relative to release prior to the defendant's first court appearance. This information allows the judges to set a bond based on verified information about the defendant, while addressing important issues regarding risk of flight, safety to the community, prudent use of jail space, and early intervention concerning the problems of the defendant. During 2019, 5,021 bond reports were generated by the Pretrial Intake Investigation Unit.

DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

In 2019, the Court Services Department generated and distributed approximately 754 jail bed reports to Court Judges, State Probation/Parole, the Office of Community Corrections, the Kent County Correctional Facility, and the Grand Rapids Police Department. The dissemination of accurate information to the criminal justice system is essential, both to prevent cases from becoming "lost" in a very complex system, and to assist in the management of jail beds available to the Courts.

OFFICE OF COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

GOAL: To support and expand the use of community sanctions in order to provide rehabilitation opportunities for Kent County felony offenders, to promote the efficient use of jail/prison beds while protecting the community, and to examine the causes of repeated criminal behavior while facilitating collaboration among stakeholders and service providers.

Public Act 511, the Community Corrections Act, was passed in 1988 primarily to divert eligible non-violent/low-risk offenders from prison by placing them in community programs which provide the courts with a continuum of sentencing options. A secondary goal is to divert offenders from jail in order to free up jail space for the more serious offenders diverted from prison. Kent County first received P.A. 511 funding in 1990 and administers these funds through the Kent County Community Corrections Advisory Board. Additionally, the Community Corrections Advisory Board, through the Office of Community Corrections, is responsible for the development and implementation of the local community corrections plan.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- Expend 100% of the Community Corrections grant.
- Maintain an overall program enrollment rate of 95% or greater.
- Maintain a 70% successful termination rate for all O.C.C. enrollees.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- Program enrollment rate was 139%.
- 70% of enrollees successfully completed their program.
- 100% of the Community Corrections grant was expended.

2019 SUMMARY:

- The OCC secured approximately \$1,186,000 in revenue through the County Jail Reimbursement Program.
- 1,923 offenders were served.

PERMANENCY PLANNING

Children under 18 years of age who are suspected of being abused by their parents are referred to the Family Division of the Circuit Court by the Child Protective Services Unit of the Kent County Department of Human Services (DHS). Protective Services investigates all complaints of abuse and/or neglect in the County and determines which cases require court action.

The Court's role in the child welfare system in Kent County is to provide the judicial authority necessary for legal wardship and treatment, and to provide leadership to ensure that the service delivery system continues to function well. Children found by the Court to be neglected or abused are usually made temporary wards of the Court and placed under the general supervision of the Kent County DHS. Direct casework services for neglected children and their families are provided by the DHS or one of the private agencies under contract with the DHS. The judges assess the progress of each case at regular review hearings, an integral part of the case management system.

CASA PROGRAM

GOAL: CASA of Kent County provides highly-trained volunteers to advocate in the best interest of abused and neglected children in family court proceedings.

The Court Appointed Special Advocate Program (CASA) is a program using carefully screened and specially trained volunteers appointed by the Judge to advocate for the best interests of abused and neglected children in child protective proceedings. The role of the CASA volunteer as an independent voice for the children is to investigate, facilitate, monitor and advocate on behalf of children until they are in a safe, permanent home. The CASA volunteer has only one case at a time and remains with the children throughout the case until it is discharged by the Court. In 2019, 104 CASA Volunteers advocated on behalf of 207 abused and neglected children living in foster care. 37 children were adopted. 4 children were placed in guardianship. 12 children were reunified with their parent/s.

*Individuals who are interested in becoming a CASA volunteer are encouraged to call
or visit our website:
(616) 632-5311
www.casakentco.org*

ADOPTION

ADOPTION DEPARTMENT

GOAL: To facilitate the legal process for children who need a permanent home and to streamline the adoption process for children and families.

The Adoption Department serves a diverse group of families and children who are in the process of an adoption or are seeking support and information concerning a completed adoption. Most of the children involved in these adoptions are either permanent wards of the court or are voluntarily released by their biological parents. Additional services are provided for adult adoptions and for children adopted in another country.

ADOPTIONS FINALIZED	2017	2018	2019
Adult Adoptions	23	15	8
Agency International Adoptions	4	1	0
Direct Placement Adoptions (voluntary consent to a specific family)	26	16	32
Relative Adoptions	12	11	11
Safe Delivery of Newborn Adoptions	9	3	2
Permanent Ward Adoptions	157	172	144
Non-Relative Guardian Adoptions	2	6	5
Agency Other Adoptions (voluntary release to private adoption agency)	6	2	0
Step-Parent Adoptions	66	31	30
Delayed Registration-Foreign Adoptions	27	24	20
TOTAL ADOPTIONS	332	281	252

DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

INTAKE DEPARTMENT

The Intake Department plays a major role in the delinquency division of the Court. Intake decisions are the result of a process of assessment and information gathering. The Intake Department acquires its investigative authority from Section 11 of the Juvenile Code.

The intake process begins with a referral sent by a police agency to the Prosecutor's Office or City Attorney's Office. An assistant prosecuting attorney reviews the complaint for legal sufficiency, determines the precise charge, and then refers it to the Intake Department. The Intake Supervisor screens certain cases with subsequent diversion to other counties and to other agencies and programs that deal with certain types of delinquent activity, such as shoplifting, alcohol abuse, and family problems. Other cases receive a letter of warning from the Court. The majority of cases are assigned to Intake probation officers who contact the youth and parents for a preliminary inquiry and decide what type of response should be made to the referral. Intake probation officers assess the seriousness of the offense and the youth's prior court and/or police record. They review prior or present community agency involvement. A special emphasis is placed on evaluating home behavior, parental control and parent/child relationships. School matters such as performance and behavior are evaluated. On certain offenses, the Prosecutor's Office is contacted for case input. In addition, Intake probation officers evaluate damage and loss, and an appropriate court response to the victim of the law violation.

If formal court involvement is not necessary or required by law, the Intake probation officer has a number of options. A case may be diverted for counseling or special services related to the specific law violation (e.g. shoplifting, alcohol or drug use, or family problems). A case may be held in order to monitor the situation and reassess it at a later date. Certain stipulations may be required such as paying restitution to a victim or successfully completing a certain number of community service hours in the Court Work Program. The Intake probation officer may determine, after the preliminary inquiry, that the presenting problem of the law violation has been handled appropriately and no other services are necessary. These cases are termed "adjusted". A petition is authorized if the Intake probation officer determines that formal court action is necessary, or if specific intake guidelines or Michigan laws require it. The case is then transferred to the Probation Unit for assessment and intervention purposes, in preparation for a formal court hearing.

INTAKE STATISTICS	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Juveniles Referred	2047	1888	1689	1450	1382
-Cases assigned to intake staff	1046	881	936	857	870
-Cases adjusted	472	554	393	410	375
-Cases to community probation	446	407	469	437	364
-Cases to consent calendar	147	115	107	103	92
-Cases transferred to county of residence	131	141	140	99	80
-Cases dismissed by prosecutor	62	55	79	95	39
-Diverted by Intake Supervisor	672	631	512	393	378
-Petitions received from other counties	77	86	75	140	85
Restitution Collected	\$12,665	\$14,939	\$10,218	\$7,584	\$14,403

DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

CRISIS INTERVENTION PROGRAM

GOAL: To prevent status offenders from being held in Detention without a court order, and to reduce the number of status offenders or youth involved in minor law violations from becoming court wards.

The Crisis Intervention Program is a short-term family counseling program for families with youth between the ages of 12-17 who have runaway from home, are truant from school or have other related school problems, are experiencing family conflicts due to adolescent development issues, are beyond parental control, and/or commit minor law violations. The Crisis Intervention Program also provides assistance in the filing of petitions for the emancipation of minors.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 90% of all status offenders admitted to Detention without a court order will be released within 6 hours of admission.
- 85% of all status offenders or juveniles involved in minor law violations who receive Crisis Intervention services will be diverted from formal court wardship for at least 120 days.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 100% of all status offenders admitted to Detention without a court order were released from Detention within 6 hours of admission.
- 88% of all status offenders or juveniles involved with minor law violations who received Crisis Intervention services were diverted from court wardship for at least 120 days.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 320 juveniles and their families were served by the Crisis Intervention Program.
- 79 juveniles were released from Detention after Crisis Intervention involvement.
- 76 status offenders were diverted from formal court involvement.
- 0 status offender petitions were authorized for formal court involvement.

YOUNG DELINQUENT INTERVENTION PROGRAM (YDIP)

GOAL: To prevent further delinquency by intervening early with very young offenders.

The Young Delinquent Intervention Program is a home based service (including counseling, mentoring, and pro-social activities) to children and their parents of young offenders 11 years and younger who have broken the law. This program operates under the reality that the best indicator for future delinquent behavior is the age of onset for delinquency, and that the earlier the intervention in the lives of high-risk youth, then the greater the potential for preventing further acts of delinquency. The court contracts for the provision of these services with D.A. Blodgett for Children.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 75% of all young offenders in treatment will successfully complete their treatment objectives.
- Less than 10% of all young offenders will have a new law violation while in treatment.
- Less than 5% of all young offenders who successfully complete treatment objectives will have a new law violation within 12 months of discharge from court wardship.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 21% (CoVid 19) of all the young offenders in treatment successfully completed their treatment objectives.
- 19% of the young offenders in treatment had a new law violation while in treatment.
- 0% of all young offenders who successfully completed treatment objectives had a new law violation within 12 months of discharge from court wardship.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 14 young offenders were served.

DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

TRAFFIC UNIT

The Traffic Unit processes misdemeanor juvenile traffic offenses that are committed in Kent County, as well as those committed by Kent County residents in other counties. Most juveniles are required to appear in person to respond to the charge(s). A small number are given the option to respond via mail. When the traffic violation is for a juvenile who already is on probation, the Traffic Referee coordinates traffic actions with the juvenile's probation officer. In 2019, the juveniles (and adults responding to their juvenile tickets) paid \$8,794.25 in fines and fees.

CONSENT CALENDAR

GOAL: To reduce recidivism by diverting low risk juvenile offenders from the formal court docket.

The Consent Calendar is a diversion program provided by court rule that allows for the informal processing of appropriate cases. Consent calendar cases are typically placed under informal supervision of the Court for approximately 90 days. No case may be placed on the Consent Calendar unless the juvenile and the parent agrees to this decision. Failure to comply with the requirements of the Consent Calendar or subsequent law violations most often result in the juvenile's transfer to the formal calendar. If the juvenile successfully completes the Consent Calendar, the court may then destroy all records of the proceedings.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 80% of all juveniles placed on the Consent Calendar will successfully complete the requirements of the program.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 91% of all the juveniles placed on the Consent Calendar successfully completed the requirements of the program.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 92 juveniles and families were served.
- Juveniles were on the Consent Calendar an average of 116 days.
- \$13,156.32 was collected from juveniles on the Consent Calendar and paid directly to victims.

ADOLESCENT SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT PROGRAM (ASOTP)

GOAL: To prevent further sexual victimization

The Adolescent Sex Offender Treatment Program provides assessment and treatment services to juvenile sex offenders, ages 8-17.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 75% of all the juvenile sex offenders in treatment will complete treatment objectives.
- Less than 10% of all the juvenile sex offenders in treatment will re-offend sexually while in treatment.
- Less than 5 juvenile offenders who complete their treatment objectives will re-offend sexually within one year of treatment completion.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 95% of the juvenile sex offenders accepted into treatment completed their treatment objectives.
- 2 juvenile sex offenders re-offended sexually while in treatment.
- 1 juvenile sex offenders re-offended sexually within 1 year of completion of their treatment objectives.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 72 juvenile sex offenders were referred to the program.
- 56 assessments were completed.
- 53 juvenile sex offenders completed treatment.

DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

COMMUNITY PROBATION

GOAL: To reduce further delinquency.

Description:

Community probation is a unique and non-traditional way of providing decentralized and personalized court supervision to juveniles and their families that reside in a specific sector of the city (or metropolitan area) served by community policing.

Program Goals:

- Reduce further delinquency and protect the community.
- Develop cooperative and coordinated relationships with area police.

Program Objectives:

- Less than 10% of the cases assigned to community probation will be involved in a new felony offense this year while on community probation.
- Less than 15% of the cases assigned to community probation will be involved in a new misdemeanor offense this year while on community probation.
- Community probation officers will have at least 18,000 face-to-face contacts this year. Community probation officers will work at least 4,500 non-traditional hours this year.
- Community probation officers will have at least 2,000 contacts working directly with community police this year (including police ride-a-longs).

2019 Indicators	Annual Totals
#/% of youth assigned to community probation who are referred for one or more felony law violations.	65/695 (9.35%)
#/% of youth assigned to community probation who are referred for one or more misdemeanor law violations.	93/695 (13.38%)
# of face-to-face contacts made with youth by community probation officers.	17,014
# of non-traditional hours worked by community probation officers.	4,602.5
# of contacts made with community police officers by community probation officers (includes ride-a-longs).	1,739

Total # of youth served on Community Probation for 2019: 695
(Add FCA's for the year to Baseline # to get this total)

* Of the 65 youths who were referred for a felony law violation, and the 93 youths referred for a misdemeanor law violation, there were 62 who had two or more referrals for felony and/or misdemeanor law violations. The highest number of referrals for a youth being 7 (7 felonies and 0 misdemeanors).

** 130 youth committed 259 new law violations in 2019 (124 felonies and 135 misdemeanors).

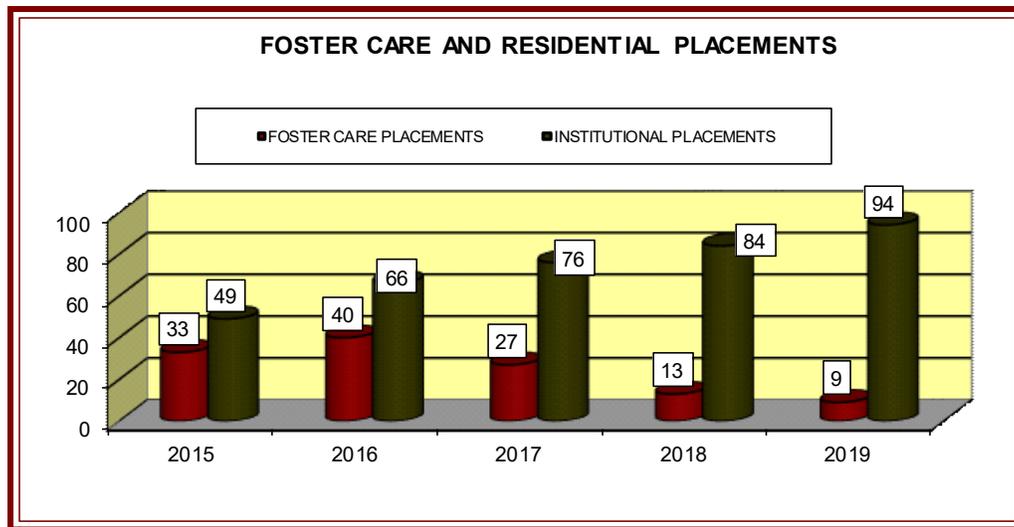
*** 18.7% of the youth served on community probation committed a new law violation in 2019.

DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENT

FOSTER CARE AND INSTITUTIONAL PLACEMENT

Even though the Court places a high priority on working with juvenile offenders in their own homes, some situations require the Court to order the juvenile placed in either foster care or residential institutional placement. Foster care more closely reflects a family home setting, while institutional placement is more restrictive and provides a specific type of treatment modality. The average per diem cost of foster care is approximately \$100. Institutional placement is much more expensive and depending on the type of institution averages about \$210 per day.



DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITY

GOAL: To provide a safe and secure environment for juveniles admitted to Detention.

The function of Detention is to provide temporary care for youth requiring secure custody pending court evaluation and disposition, or pending transfer to another jurisdiction or agency. Detained youth are those whose offenses are so serious that release would endanger public safety or the welfare of the child. The Detention Facility, which has a bed capacity of 98, currently employs 120 staff (includes school, medical, mental health personnel, etc.) with the majority of that workforce being Youth Specialists.

The Facility's staff training/orientation program is extensive in its coverage of training issues and, in addition to its own staff, offers training to other court staff and County employees. The State's Division of Child Welfare Licensing mandates training in 9 specific areas, and requires at least 24 hours of training annually for each Detention Youth Specialist employee. Kent County Juvenile Detention met these requirements in 2019.

The Detention Center provides a cognitive behavioral training (CBT) concept for its behavioral management for our residents. This cognitive learning model is designed to change adolescent's value and belief systems by getting them to examine their thinking before making choices. The goal is to help reduce recidivism by teaching residents to make rational choices, and maintain this thinking ability after they leave Detention.

Although Detention is not a treatment facility, two of the nine units within this facility will be utilized as short-term residential programs for Kent County residents who have been ordered to an institutional placement. The Delta residential program is currently in operation. It is staffed by the Detention Youth Specialists and provides services offered to the Detention residents, as well as off-site activities with the primary focus of productive reintegration into their community. The Pride stabilization program will begin in early 2020.

The facility continues to offer a year-round school program. The Lighthouse Academy provides classes Monday through Thursday. Community consultants as well as Detention staff provide Friday classes which include topic areas such as Youth Empowerment, Therapeutic Communication, Physical Education, Yoga, Art Therapy, Health Education (Public topics and AIDS, safety, sexual awareness), Life and Social Skills. These Friday classes offer residents a chance to deal with issues that contributed to their coming to the facility, as well as teaching them skills that will help them make better decisions.

DELINQUENCY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITY

DETENTION FACILITY STATISTICS

	Males			Females			Totals		
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Admissions	749	637	603	303	362	257	1111	911	862
Releases	741	634	607	301	369	259	1010	1110	864

DAYS OF CARE PROVIDED

	Days of Care			Average Daily Census		
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Totals	21,569	20,052	20,922	59	57	57

PER DIEM COST OF CARE

2017	2018	2019
\$307	\$333	\$328

FRIEND OF THE COURT

FRIEND OF THE COURT— DAN FOJTIK

MISSION: TO SERVE THE COURT AND THE FAMILIES OF KENT COUNTY TO ENSURE CHILDREN ARE SUPPORTED, BOTH FINANCIALLY AND EMOTIONALLY.

As set forth in the 1998 Child Support Performance and Incentive Act, state child support enforcement programs are measured in five key areas: Collections on Arrears, Total Collections, Paternity Establishment, Cost Effectiveness and Order Establishment. The following rankings represent how the Kent County Friend of the Court measured in 2019 against the eleven (11) largest counties in Michigan, excluding Wayne County. Those factors, and Kent's rankings, are as follows:

	<u>KENT COUNTY RANKING</u>
• COLECTIONS ON ARREARS	#1
• COLLECTIONS ON CURRENT	#2
• PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT *	#2
• ORDER ESTABLISHMENT *	#6

* Performance in these two areas is not controlled by the Kent County Friend of the Court office.

COLLECTION ON CURRENT SUPPORT (Child, Spousal, Medical and Birthing Expenses):

The Friend of the Court (FOC) employs a wide range of enforcement remedies and innovative strategies to improve the reliability of child support payments. Emphasis is placed on having realistic child support orders, reducing unpayable child support debt and intervening early when parents begin to struggle to make payments.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- Collect 80% of total court ordered child support that was charged.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 76% of court ordered child support charged was collected.

2019 SUMMARY:

- \$77,661,800 (Total current support distributed)
- \$101,991,847 (Total support charged)
- \$100,664,787 (Total collections including current and arrears)

FRIEND OF THE COURT

INCOME WITHHOLDING

With income withholding, payments are deducted from the payer's check and sent to the Michigan State Disbursement Unit (MiSDU) in Lansing. When a payer changes jobs and/or fails to advise the FOC of new employment, the computer system checks the state Data Warehouse and automatically sends an Income Withholding Notice (IWN) to the source of income.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- Collect 75% of child support collections by withholding order.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 75% was collected via income withholding order.

2019 SUMMARY:

- \$75,951,510 was collected via income withholding.

SHOW-CAUSE HEARINGS AND BENCH WARRANTS

When payments are not made regularly and the payer does not work with us to make payments or remedy his or her inability to pay, we may schedule a show cause contempt hearing. At the hearing, case managers attempt to resolve the non-payment or present the case before the Court for a determination of contempt. If a person does not appear for the hearing, a Bench Warrant may issue.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 85% of those ordered to jail as a result of a contempt hearing will pay out within two weeks.
- 85% of the bench warrants handled by FOC deputies will be resolved without arrest.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 62% of those who were ordered to jail as a result of a contempt hearing paid and were released within two weeks.
- 95% of the bench warrants handled by FOC deputies were resolved without arrest.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 111 payers were found in contempt and ordered to jail.
- 1,374 warrants were resolved without arrest.

TAX OFFSET

A commonly used enforcement remedy is the interception of a payer's state and federal tax refunds.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 90% of cases qualifying for a tax offset are submitted.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 100% of cases qualified for a tax intercept were submitted.

2019 SUMMARY:

- \$3,638,573 was collected from the Federal tax offset program.
- \$449,096 was collected from the State tax offset program.

FRIEND OF THE COURT

LEINS AND GARNISHMENTS

The law allows the FOC to place a lien against property owned by the payer of support when an arrearage has accrued. Garnishments may also be served against a delinquent payer's inheritance.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 80% of cases submitted for a lien or garnishment are ordered or perfected.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 100% of cases submitted for a lien or garnishment received one.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 10 real estate liens was placed for a potential future collection and \$37,106 was collected.
- 14 liens/garnishments were placed against inheritances and \$11,680 was collected.
- 2 liens were placed against settlements and \$45,647 was collected.

HEALTH CARE

The Health Care Unit has two main objectives. One is to enforce court orders to maintain health care insurance. The other is to enforce court orders related to uninsured health care expenses.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- 65% of cases have orders with health care provisions.
- 90% of cases with health care reimbursement accounts received payment.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES-2019:

- 82% of cases with orders have health care provisions.
- 97% of cases with health care reimbursement accounts received payment.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 23,541 orders have a health care provision included.
- 477 cases with health care reimbursement accounts received payment.

PARENTING TIME

The primary function and statutory duty of the Parenting Time Unit is to secure compliance with parenting time and physical custody orders. This is accomplished through education, assisting parents with modification of their orders, or helping in other ways to prevent future violations. Also, the FOC continues to manage the Access and Visitation Grant that allows payment for supervised parenting time and for therapeutic reintroduction on specific cases through the contract agencies.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 90% of parenting time complaints resolved prior to a contempt hearing.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 87% of parenting time complaints were resolved prior to a contempt hearing.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 2,088 formal written parenting time complaints were received.
- 69 hearings were scheduled on parenting time violations.
- 28 families were afforded parenting time through the Access and Visitation Grant.

FRIEND OF THE COURT

SUPPORT REVIEW

Support reviews are commenced when a client submits a written request and is eligible for a review (every three years or if there has been a significant change in circumstances), by court order or upon FOC's own initiative. Friend of the Court is statutorily required to complete support reviews within 120 days after notice of the review is sent, but it is Kent County's goal to complete all support reviews within 90 days.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 90% of all support reviews will be completed within 90 days.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 99% of all support reviews were completed in 90 days.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 3,417 support reviews were completed.

RESPONSIBLE PARENT PROGRAM

The Responsible Parent Program was established in 2016. Case managers in this program actively partner with potential employers and placement agencies to assist payers who need a job. They also conduct outreaches within the community to help payers who are often reluctant to engage with the Friend of the Court. Once a payer is referred to the program, the case manager schedules an appointment with the payer to identify any barriers that make it difficult to comply with the child support order. Once identified, the case manager can make appropriate referrals for job placements and searches, determine whether a case qualifies for a support review to ensure that charges are based on ability to pay, and/or provide information about parenting time issues and services.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 90% of the eligible payers who are referred to the program will be scheduled for a first appointment within 14 days.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 99% were scheduled for a first appointment within 14 days of the referral.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 310 payers were scheduled for a first appointment within 14 days of the referral.

FRIEND OF THE COURT

EARLY ENGAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Early Engagement Program was created in June of 2017. The goal of this program is to provide information about the Friend of the Court to clients who have not had contact with the office previously to:

- A. Break down barriers to communication.
- B. Provide accurate information and clarify expectations.
- C. Provide early access to the Responsible Parent Program.
- D. Provide information about the availability of facilitated parenting time when appropriate.
- E. Ensure that all provisions of the support order are understood.

We do this by reaching out to parents with a new case at the Friend of the Court by phone within two weeks of processing the initial order. We review the order prior to contacting them and answer any questions they may have about their order or the information that was included in the new case packet. If we are not able to reach the clients by phone, we send an email or letter providing information on ways to contact the Friend of the Court office to let them know we are available to answer questions they may have.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- Make contact in 90% of new cases.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- Contact was made with one or both parties in 92% of the new cases.

2019 SUMMARY:

- Contact was made in 1,645 new cases.

CLIENT COMMUNICATION

It is important that clients are able to communicate effectively with us. During 2019, we received 84,277 phone calls, of which 92% were resolved at first contact without transferring callers. We also received 95,441 letters, faxes and emails. The State of Michigan maintains a website that is easily accessed 24 hours a day by cell phone, computer or other device to find case information including payments and balances. Case managers are also available for walk-in clients, two days a week, as well as by appointment.

It is also important to provide clients with important case information and to anticipate questions. With this in mind, we email clients reminders about court dates, provide information about updated processes, and inform them of job opportunities and other events in the community.

EDUCATION

We provide the parties in all new cases basic information about the Friend of the Court. This information includes contact information and general information about child support, parenting time and health care. We continuing to update and enhance a series of entertaining orientation videos to help our clients understand the Friend of the Court processes better. We also maintain forms and other information on our website and in our lobby.

FRIEND OF THE COURT

CUSTODY/PARENTING TIME EVALUATIONS

Custody and parenting time evaluations are initiated after a written order is received from the Court. The purpose of an evaluation is to gather information regarding the best interests of the children as defined in the (12) best interest factors of the Michigan Child Custody Act and to complete a written report and recommendation for the Court.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 90% of all Court requested custody and parenting time evaluations will be completed within 90 days from the date the Court ordered the referral.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 95% of all Court requested custody and parenting time evaluations were completed within 90 days of the date the Court ordered the referral.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 637 total evaluations completed in 2019.

MEDIATION AND CONCILIATIONS

Mediations are conducted on request of the parties or by court order. The mediator assists the parents in reaching agreements on the issues of custody and parenting time. If the parties reach an agreement during mediation, they may sign an agreement prepared by the mediator, which is then entered as an order by the Court. Conciliations are conducted on the request of either party for the purpose of creating a temporary order regarding custody, parenting time and child support while a case is pending. If the parties reach an agreement regarding these issues, they may sign a stipulated order prepared by the conciliator. If the parties do not reach an agreement, the conciliator may issue a proposed order to the Court.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE:

- 90% of mediations and conciliations will be scheduled within 60 days of being requested.

PERFORMANCE OUTCOME-2019:

- 99% of mediations and conciliations were scheduled within 60 days.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 232 mediations and conciliations scheduled in 2019. 148 of these were walk-in mediations

FRIEND OF THE COURT

GRIEVANCES

In an effort to assure that the FOC is responsive to the concerns of clients, the FOC Act provides a grievance procedure for complaints about FOC operations or employees. A grievance may not be used to change or object to a FOC recommendation, or to disagree with a referee's recommendation or a judge's decision. Once a grievance has been received, the FOC must investigate and respond within 30 days or issue a statement explaining why a response is not possible within that timeframe. The Kent County FOC has always been receptive of these types of formal complaints. Rather than being considered a negative reflection of office performance, it is a good way to measure customer satisfaction and help improve services where necessary.

2019 SUMMARY:

- 4 grievances were received in 2019.
- 100% were responded to within 30 days of receipt.

CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) was created by the legislature to assist citizens and the FOC office with issues concerning office operations and employees. Although having a CAC was initially mandatory, the legislature eliminated this requirement and currently only two counties statewide have one, Macomb and Kent. Minutes from its meetings are submitted to the County Board, while sub-committees review actual grievances. There were no grievances filed directly with the CAC in 2018; however, all 11 grievances received by the FOC were forwarded to the CAC for their review. Of note, the CAC agreed fully with the response of the FOC on 11 grievances.

CLERK'S OFFICE / CIRCUIT COURT DIVISION



LISA POSTHUMUS LYONS - COUNTY CLERK, CLERK OF THE COURT
AMY MOILANEN - CHIEF DEPUTY CIRCUIT COURT CLERK

The Circuit Court Division of the Kent County Clerk's Office is located on the 2nd floor of the Courthouse. With a staff of 24.5, the office opens, maintains, tracks and stores all cases filed in the civil, criminal and family divisions of the Circuit Court. Court files are open to the public and may be viewed in the Clerk's Office between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Our office collects and distributes state mandated costs, court-ordered fines, cost, restitution, crime victim rights fee, and other assessments. In 2019, we collected over \$3,400,000 for Kent County. In addition, the Clerk's Office handles bonds posted in criminal cases, which often can be applied against court-ordered assessments at the conclusion of the case, thereby increasing the Clerk's collection activities.

Throughout 2019, the Clerk's Office managed the receipt and filing of 11,487 new cases. Additionally, all formal juvenile delinquency and neglect/abuse cases are processed through our office. The Clerk's Office continues to provide e-filing in lieu of traditional mail or hand delivery to the Clerk's Office for cases assigned to the Court's Specialized Business Docket. The Community Archive Center (CARC) continues to provide much needed storage space for approximately 40+ years' worth of the Circuit Court's oldest civil, domestic, and criminal case files. This offsite storage includes microfilm duplicates, steno notes and docket books from as far back as the 1800's. The most recent files reside within the Kent County Courthouse.

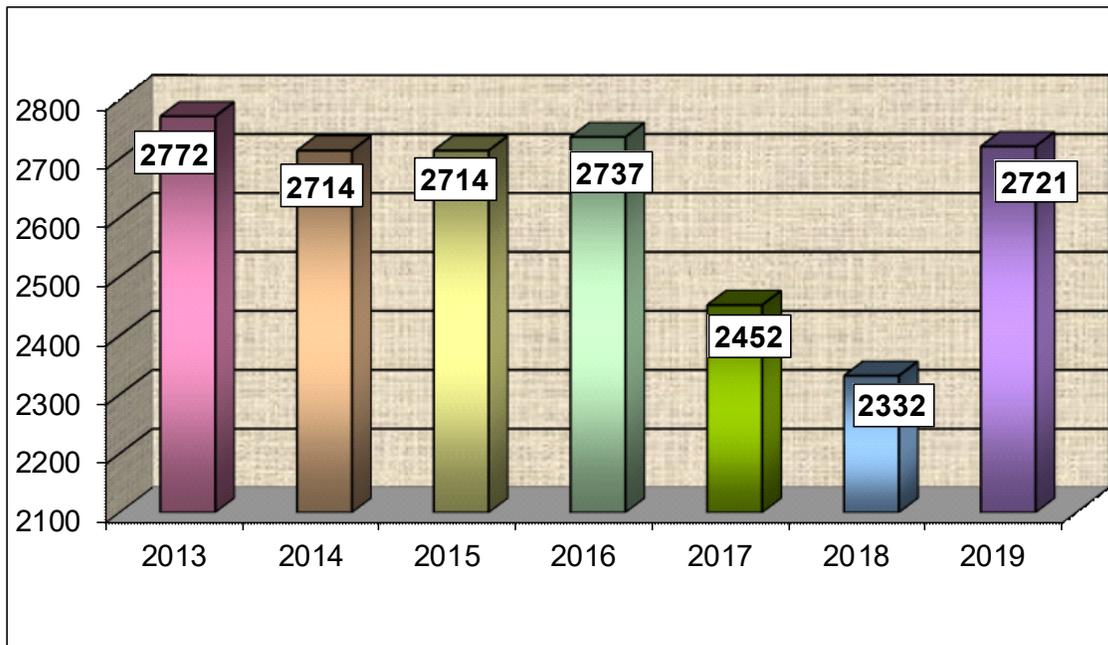
The County Clerk remains committed to providing access for the public and attorneys to these records and services through a technology initiative that began with the Register of Deeds and Vital Records Divisions in 2003. The Clerk's Office Courtside currently offers online services to request certified divorce decrees and motion calendars for scheduling pro confesso hearings with referees and motion hearings with all judges.

Lisa Posthumus Lyons has served the residents of Kent County as the County Clerk/Register of Deeds since January 1, 2017. As the Clerk/Register, she is committed to continually updating office technologies and procedures so that services can be most efficiently and accurately provided.

CIRCUIT COURT PROBATION

Jon Timmers, Area Manager
Tom Halsted, Program Manager

The Michigan Department of Corrections - Kent County Probation Office is the second largest probation office in the State of Michigan. The office is located at 82 Ionia Avenue, Suite 100. Supervising the 2,151 felony probationers in Kent County are 36 probation agents. In addition to the agents, four supervisors and eight support staff ensure that the needs of the Court are met. Agents are responsible for providing presentence investigations to the Court, supervising probationers in the community, referring probationers to appropriate programming, providing the Court with information regarding the probationer's progress, and making certain that the financial obligations to the Court and victims are met by the probationer.



PRESENTENCE REPORTS COMPLETED

The chart shows the number of presentence investigation reports completed each year from 2013 through 2019. The probation office has several specialized caseloads and, while being supervised, probationers may be assigned to substance abuse, sex offender, electronic monitoring, SAI, veteran, TASC (Treatment and Support Court), low risk reporting, or interstate caseloads. Probationers must comply with their conditions of probation. To monitor this, agents have ongoing contact with probationers' family members, employers, teachers, and counselors. Through referrals to a variety of programs, such as substance abuse treatment, vocational and educational programs, electronic monitoring, psychological counseling, and community service/work crew, probationers are provided the necessary tools with which to make positive changes in their lives and become responsible, contributing members of the community.



STATE OF MICHIGAN
KENT COUNTY PROBATE COURT

DAVID M. MURKOWSKI
CHIEF JUDGE

SUITE 9500 C
180 OTTAWA AVENUE NW
GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN 49503-2751

To the Citizens of Kent County:

On behalf of the administrators and employees of the Kent County Probate Court, I am proud to submit for your review our annual report for 2019. The report contains pertinent information regarding the jurisdiction, responsibilities, performance and achievements of the Probate Court. With this report, we take the opportunity to examine our collective work in the last year and to identify our needs and plan our strategic goals for the next year.

Our successes and accomplishments are rooted in our skilled and dedicated employees who continue to maintain, improve and deliver quality services to the public in the face of continued docket growth and limited resources.

In 2019 we said congratulations and thank you to our Probate Register Martha Irwin who has retired to enjoy her first grandchild. We also enthusiastically welcomed Mr. Avery Rose to the position of Probate Register and Court Administrator. Prior to coming to Kent County, Mr. Rose served as the Probate Register for Allegan County. He is a graduate of the James Madison College at Michigan State University and the Wayne State University Law School. Mr. Rose also holds a master's degree in Library and Information Science from Wayne State University. Avery is joined in Grand Rapids by his wife Erika and son Henry.

It is an honor serving you as the Chief Judge of the Kent County Probate Court. We pledge our best effort to deliver services to you with both integrity and efficiency in a person-centered venue. I thank you, the citizens of Kent County, for your continued trust and confidence.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'David M. Murkowski', written over a circular stamp or watermark.

David M. Murkowski
Chief Judge, Kent County Probate Court

DMM/bms

PROBATE COURT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Kent County Probate Court is to provide an accessible, efficient, and person-centered venue to secure the peaceful and sound resolution of matters, where every individual is treated with dignity and respect.

The Probate Court is a trial court of statutory jurisdiction in Michigan. It has exclusive jurisdiction over matters relating to the estates of decedents, trusts, guardianships of developmentally disabled persons, legally incapacitated adults and minors, conservatorships for protected adults and minors, protective orders; accounts of other fiduciaries, and petitions for treatment of mentally ill persons. The Probate Court also has jurisdiction over a myriad of other types of civil actions, specifically, cases in which an estate, trust, fiduciary or ward is a party. By the nature of the matters within its jurisdiction, the Probate Court primarily focuses on protecting incapacitated individuals and their assets and the proper transfer of assets at death.

Judge David M. Murkowski



Judge David M. Murkowski was born and raised in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Judge Murkowski graduated from Marquette University High School in 1975, where he was elected senior class president. In 1979, he graduated cum laude from Marquette University where he was awarded the University's Outstanding Student Service Award, and the Polanki College Achievement Scholarship. In 1979, Judge Murkowski was also inducted into the National Jesuit Honor Society. He attended Western Michigan University's Thomas M. Cooley Law School and was an honor roll graduate in 1983.

Judge Murkowski served as law clerk to the Michigan House of Representatives Civil Rights Committee, and worked as a solo practitioner in Grand Rapids until 1993 when he joined the law firm of Dilley & Dilley. There, he specialized in criminal defense, juvenile neglect and delinquency, and probate law. He served as managing partner of Dilley, Dilley, Murkowski & Goller until 2006, when he was appointed to the Kent County Probate bench to fill the vacancy created by the retirement of the Honorable Janet A. Haynes.

In December 2007, the Michigan Supreme Court appointed Judge Murkowski to serve as the Chief Judge of the Kent County Probate Court, commencing January 1, 2008. Judge Murkowski served as Council Member of the Probate and Estate Planning Section of the State Bar of Michigan and as the President of the Michigan Probate Judges Association (MPJA) in 2017 and is a current member of the Judicial Council of the Judicial Section of the State Bar of Michigan. He has previously served as a member of the Executive Committee of the Kent County Family and Children's Coordinating Council. Judge Murkowski has lectured for the Michigan Judicial Institute (MJI), IACLE's Probate and Estate Planning Institute, the American Geriatric Society (AGS), the Michigan Probate Judges Association (MPJA), the Western Michigan Estate Planning Council, and the Grand Rapids Bar Association.

Judge Murkowski is a chapter author of *Michigan Probate Litigation: A Guide to Contested Litigation, 2nd Ed.*, a contributor to the *Michigan Probate Benchbook*, associate editor of *Inter-Com*, a journal publication of the Michigan Probate Judges Association, and was a contributor to the drafting of the Michigan Trust Code. He currently serves on the Legislature Drafting Subcommittee of the Governor's Mental Health Task Force.

PROBATE COURT

CASELOAD AND CASEFLOW

The number of new filings in the Kent County Probate Court increased 7% in 2019 from the prior year, and there has been a 16.5% increase in case filings over the past five years. Between 2010 and 2019 filings in the Kent County Probate Court increased by 40%.

PROBATE COURT NEW CASE FILINGS

FULL YEAR ANNUAL STATISTICS

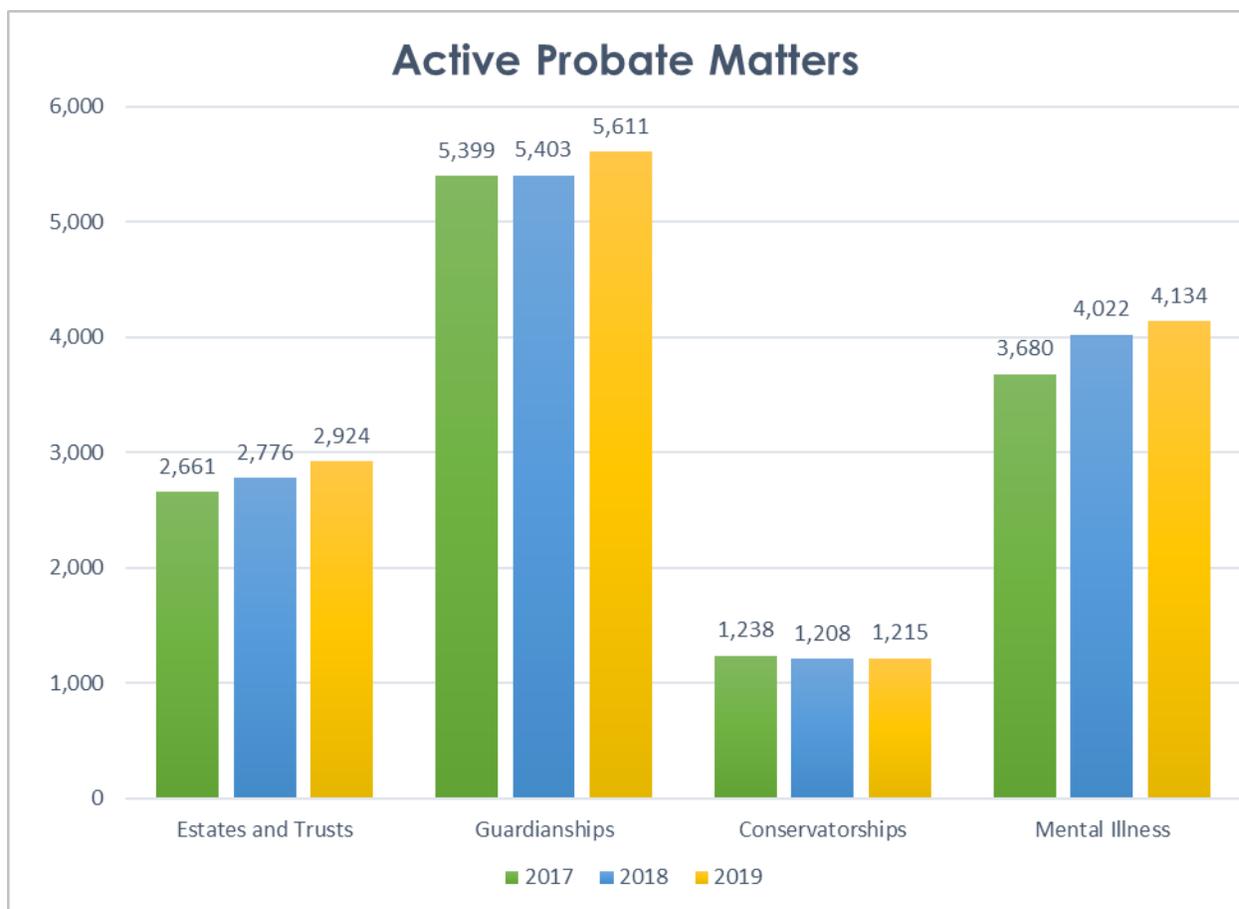
Case Type	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	% Chg 2010-2019
Estates	718	687	741	756	767	776	813	821	785	842	878	909	22.67%
Small Estates	268	347	376	374	396	416	408	402	344	381	382	392	4.26%
Trusts & Protective Orders	103	89	88	94	94	87	99	85	89	99	93	90	2.27%
Civil Actions	14	10	13	7	10	16	13	14	15	14	16	10	-23.08%
Miscellaneous	22	19	24	28	20	30	33	35	38	34	40	45	87.50%
Name Changes	163	198	210	172	190	199	232	241	234	268	288	333	58.57%
Conservatorships	168	224	176	205	188	186	177	247	229	276	224	249	41.48%
DD Guardianships	117	152	151	149	138	110	138	149	160	193	156	154	1.99%
Adult Guardianships	245	344	394	414	371	383	388	478	486	505	480	625	58.63%
Minor Guardianships	290	262	223	291	192	214	219	189	198	233	214	291	30.49%
Mental Commitments	1459	1521	1603	1725	1729	1836	2013	2184	2183	2200	1980	2114	31.88%
Other County MI's	705	744	767	839	1039	1155	1408	1487	1484	1745	2033	2037	165.58%
Pick Up Orders	177	185	198	189	198	216	227	255	270	292	264	345	74.24%
Total	4449	4782	4964	5243	5332	5624	6168	6587	6515	7082	7048	7594	52.98%

The nature of many probate cases is such that they often continue for many years. While administration of most estates of deceased persons is completed within a year, guardianships and conservatorships for minors often continue until the child is 18 years old, and the vast majority of guardianships and conservatorships for adults continue for the lifetime of the protected individual. Thus, a fluctuation in the number of new filings does not necessarily equate to a commensurate decline in the number of active matters requiring ongoing Court monitoring and supervision.

Active Cases	2016	2017	2018	2019
Estates and Trusts	2,580	2,661	2,776	2,924
Guardianships – Legally Incapacitated Adult	2,357	2,425	2,395	2,557
Guardianships – Minor	1,233	1,168	1,136	1,156
Guardianships – Developmentally Disabled Person	1,707	1,806	1,872	1,898
Conservatorships – Legally Incapacitated Adult	863	883	850	851
Conservatorships - Minor	345	355	358	364
Mentally Ill	2,196	2,277	2,101	2,137
Mentally Ill Cases for Other Counties	1,484	1,745	2,033	2,037
Civil and Other	1,529	1,627	1,970	1,617
TOTALS	14,294	14,947	15,491	15,541

PROBATE COURT

Cases involving mental health treatment, and hospitalization of mentally ill persons represent a significant portion of the docket of the Probate Court. Prior to March of 2014, Judge Murkowski and his court recorder, as well as a Kent County assistant prosecutor, traveled twice each week to three of our local psychiatric facilities - St. Mary's Pine Rest, Forest View and St. Mary's Psychiatric Medical Unit (PMU), for hearings on petitions for mental health treatment. These hearings have been conducted via videoconferencing technology for the last five years, which has saved time and travel for the Court and participating parties. Because Kent County has developed into a regional psychiatric treatment center, providing over 360 adult inpatient beds, residents of other counties are frequently hospitalized here and the Kent County Probate Court arranges for and conducts the necessary hearings. This involves a significant commitment of judicial and staff time and resources. Last year alone, the Kent County Probate Court processed 2,037 petitions on assignment for other probate courts.



The State Court Administrator's Office sets guidelines for the duration of time in which probate matters should be resolved. In 2019 the Kent County Probate Court exceeded the state time guidelines for dispositions in every case type category. Specifically, 99% of all mental illness petitions were disposed of within 14 days (guidelines call for 90% within that timeframe). Cases which took more than 14 days typically involved a respondent's demand for jury trial or a request for independent psychological evaluation. Additionally, guidelines call for 75% of all guardianship, conservatorship and protective order proceedings to be disposed of within 90 days. The Kent County Probate Court achieved a disposition rate of 99% of those cases within that timeframe. The Probate Court is providing justice to litigants in a timely manner.

PROBATE COURT

Kent County Guardianship Program

A large portion of the Court's caseload involves guardianships and conservatorships for legally incapacitated or developmentally disabled adults. For the majority of these cases, a family member or friend is appointed to act as guardian or conservator for the ward. However, in many cases, there are no family members or friends who are suitable and willing to serve. In these cases, it is often in the ward's best interest that a professional be appointed. In Kent County we are fortunate to have the Kent County Guardianship Program, developed by the Kent County Department of Health & Human Services (DHHS) and Probate Court to provide guardianship and conservatorship services for adult residents of Kent County who have no one else to serve them in a fiduciary capacity. For more than 25 years the Program had been operated by DHHS and managed by employees of DHHS. After DHHS administration (not the local DHHS) significantly decreased staff time committed to the operation of the Program in 2015, Mercy Health Saint Mary's and Spectrum Health, whose patients were frequent users of the Program, approached the Probate Court to discuss how they could assist the Program so that professional guardians would be available to the community. Starting on October 1, 2015, Kent County assumed responsibility for the Guardianship Program, placing administration of the Program with the Probate Court. The hospitals each agreed to provide funding of \$50,000 per year for three years to assist with payment of guardian fees for indigent cases, and to underwrite the services of the Guardian Monitor who manages the Program. In 2018 both hospitals committed to continuing their support the Program with annual funding of \$50,000 per year for an additional three years.

When a ward is indigent and has no other means to pay his or her guardian, the Program pays a modest monthly fee for the services of a professional guardian. Funding to pay for the Program and these fees in 2019 came from four sources: Kent County (approximately \$167,000), the Kent County Senior Millage (approximately \$154,980), the State of Michigan (approximately \$43,000) and Mercy Health Saint Mary's and Spectrum Health (approximately \$20,000 after payment of \$80,700 for the cost of the Guardian Monitor). Notably, in October of 2019, the Kent County Senior Millage increased its contribution to the Program to \$230,208. The funding that the Program receives enables it to continue to operate and pay guardians who serve indigent wards. Payments for indigent wards have increased by 48% since 2016. As of December 2019 there were a total of 44 guardians in the Program, serving a total of 1,036 wards. It is anticipated that this Program will continue to grow to meet the increasing demand for professional guardians of vulnerable adults in our community. We are grateful for the steadfast support of Kent County and all of our community partners in keeping this Program alive and strong.

PROBATE COURT

ORGANIZATIONAL DIRECTORY

Kent County Probate Court Organizational Directory

Kent County Courthouse
180 Ottawa Ave NW, Suite 2500
Grand Rapids, MI 49503
<https://www.accesskent.com/Courts/Probate/default.htm>

Judge's Chambers – Suite 9500C

Fax (616) 632-5074

Hon. David M. Murkowski, Chief Judge	(616) 632-5428
Jeana Stillwagon, Secretary/Clerk	(616) 632-5428
Aimee Cory, Court Recorder	(616) 632-5424

Probate Register's Office – Suite 4400

Fax (616) 632-5152

Avery D. Rose, Probate Register	(616) 632-5422
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Guardian Monitor's Office – Suite 4501

Fax (616) 632-5436

Kortney Post, Guardian Monitor	(616) 632-5438
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Probate Court Clerk's Office – Suite 2500

Fax (616) 632-5430

Main Phone Number	(616) 632-5440
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Debora Sanchez, Probate Manager	(616) 632-5417
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Karen Noorman, Mental Health Specialist	(616) 632-5425
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Aubree Gross, Guardianship Specialist	(616) 632-5426
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Lorah Edmondson	(616) 632-5418
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Austin Fry	(616) 632-5427
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Kerri Guyot	(616) 632-5421
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Sam Hampshire	(616) 632-5434
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Erna Ingram	(616) 632-5420
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Andrew Oeffner	(616) 632-5437
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ANNUAL REPORT

2019

17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT &
KENT COUNTY PROBATE COURT

